



RESEARCH COMMON ENTRANCE TEST – 2010
SOCIOLOGY

Time : 90 Minutes

Max. Marks : 100

Answer ALL the questions.

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.

Multiple Choice Questions (1 to 100)

1. Who is known as father of modern sociology ?

(1) Max Weber (2) Karl Marx

(3) Auguste Comte (4) Aristotle

2. Who is that Sociologist, who said Sociology is Social Physics ?

(1) Auguste Comte (2) Herbert Spencer

(3) Charles Darwin (4) Durkheim

3. “Man is a social animal”, said by

(1) Herbert Spencer (2) Karl Marx

(3) Aristotle (4) Mac Iver

4. Sociologist is a

(1) Reformist (2) Revolutionary

(3) Lecturer (4) Discoverer of reality

5. If one male marries two or more females, the marriage is known as

(1) Monogamy (2) Polygyny

(3) Polyandry (4) Polygamy

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6. The concepts of primary and secondary groups are introduced by
- (1) W. G. Sumner (2) C. H. Cooley
(3) Tolcot Parsons (4) P. A. Sorokin
7. The term “cultural lag” was first used by
- (1) Radcliffe Brown (2) Thomas Hobbs
(3) Ogburn (4) Bal Thakare
8. The idea of “social statics”, Social Dynamics is proposed by
- (1) Auguste Comte (2) Karl Marx
(3) Max Weber (4) Emile Durkheim
9. The concept of ‘formal sociology’ was introduced by
- (1) Georje Simmel (2) Giddings
(3) Spencer (4) Hobhouse
10. Who proposed/founded Hierarchy of Sciences ?
- (1) Auguste Comte (2) Pareto
(3) Bogardus (4) Turner
11. Who proposed the “theory of evolution” ?
- (1) Auguste Comte (2) Durkheim
(3) Karl Marx (4) Charles Darwin
12. The author of the book, “Origin of Species” is
- (1) Don Martindail (2) Mendel
(3) Lemark (4) Darwin



13. The theory of 'social evolution' was proposed by
(1) Herbert Spencer (2) Auguste Comte
(3) Max Weber (4) Darwin
14. Who is the author of the book, 'First principles' ?
(1) Auguste Comte (2) Darwin
(3) Spencer (4) Karl Marx
15. The theory of Organic analogy was proposed by whom ?
(1) Durkheim (2) Darwin
(3) Spencer (4) Comte
16. "Where there is a life, there is society". Who said this ?
(1) Auguste Comte (2) Aristotle
(3) Max Weber (4) Mac Iver and Page
17. Society excludes the following idea
(1) Differences (2) Interdependence
(3) Reciprocal (4) Time boundness
18. The 'group mind theory' was proposed by
(1) Plato (2) Mac Iver
(3) Mc Dougall (4) Hegel
19. "Society is a web of social relationships" who said this ?
(1) Mac Iver (2) Gidding
(3) Ginnsberg (4) Giddens



20. The theory which draws several points of resemblance between society and human body is called
- (1) Organic theory (2) Natural theory
(3) Group mind theory (4) Idealistic theory
21. The scientist who laid foundations to sociology of knowledge
- (1) Auguste Comte (2) Durkheim
(3) Herbert Spencer (4) Mannheim
22. The concept of 'Division of Labour' proposed by
- (1) Herbert Spencer (2) Durkheim
(3) Max Weber (4) Auguste Comte
23. The origin of society was due to
- (1) Force (2) Gods will
(3) Education (4) Evolution
24. The suitable area of study in the scope of sociology is
- (1) Trade (2) Community
(3) Education (4) Tribe
25. The scientist who proposed and explained the concept of suicide is
- (1) Sigmund Freud (2) Durkheim
(3) Max Weber (4) Hegel
26. This is a primary agency of social control
- (1) Conflict (2) Jail
(3) Bank (4) Family



27. The word known to denote 'exchange of goods' is

- (1) Buying
- (2) Selling
- (3) Barter System
- (4) Trade

28. Which one is known to be youngest of social sciences ?

- (1) History
- (2) Economics
- (3) Sociology
- (4) Philosophy

29. Positive philosophy is associated with whom ?

- (1) Auguste Comte
- (2) Lester Ward
- (3) Max Weber
- (4) H. Spencer

30. Which of the following statement is true ?

- (1) Society means likeness
- (2) Society implies differences
- (3) Society means mutual aid
- (4) Society involves both likeness and differences

31. A group of people organised for a particular purpose is known as

- (1) Community
- (2) Association
- (3) Society
- (4) Institution

32. Herbert Spencer classified the society into

- (1) Four classes
- (2) Eight classes
- (3) Two classes
- (4) Three classes



33. Durkheim also classified societies into four types. Which of the following is not suggested by him ?
- (1) Simple poly segmentary societies
 - (2) Simple compound poly segmentary societies
 - (3) Duple compounded poly segmentary societies
 - (4) Trebly compounded societies
34. The society is passed through the three stages of its development – theological, metaphysical and positive. This was proposed by
- (1) Tonnies
 - (2) Weber
 - (3) Compte
 - (4) Aristotle
35. Which of the following are units of social structure ?
- (1) Institution
 - (2) Groups
 - (3) Associations
 - (4) All these
36. Assimilation is essentially a
- (1) Social process
 - (2) Political process
 - (3) Historical process
 - (4) Economic process
37. Which among the following is not the element of social system ?
- (1) Belief
 - (2) Sentiment
 - (3) Norms
 - (4) Slaves
38. “Human society has been cradled in rural groups” who said this ?
- (1) Bogardus
 - (2) Mac Iver
 - (3) A. R. Desai
 - (4) Jawaharlal Nehru
39. To which of the following Talcott Parson’s Universalistic Achievement pattern is central ?
- (1) Agricultural Society
 - (2) Industrial Society
 - (3) Feudal Society
 - (4) Tribal Society



40. The sociologist who used the concepts 'sacred and profane' related to religion is

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|------------------|---------------------|
| (1) E. B. Taylor | (2) Herbert Spencer |
| (3) Max Muller | (4) Durkheim |

41. Durkheim used the following method to study sociological phenomena

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|------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) Historical method | (2) Case study method |
| (3) Comparative method | (4) Statistical method |

42. Logico experimental method was used by

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|--------------|---------------|
| (1) Durkheim | (2) Max Weber |
| (3) Pareto | (4) Spencer |

43. The concepts of 'Residues, Derivatives' was used by

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (1) Max Weber | (2) Durkheim |
| (3) Pareto | (4) Sorokin |

44. Theory of 'circulation of elite' was proposed by

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|--------------|----------------|
| (1) Pareto | (2) Durkheim |
| (3) Parson's | (4) Max Muller |

45. Chief basis for Marx's dielectrical materialism is

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|------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Plato's philosophy | (2) Socratise philosophy |
| (3) Hegel's philosophy | (4) Heraclitus philosophy |

46. The concept of 'alienation' was proposed by

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| (1) Hegel | (2) Max Weber |
| (3) Karl Marx | (4) Levis Coser |

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47. The theory of 'surplus value' was proposed by
(1) Levis Coser (2) Deherandf
(3) Hegel (4) Karl Marx
48. The concept of Bureaucracy was proposed by
(1) Max Weber (2) Coser
(3) Hegel (4) Pareto
49. The idea of Sanskritization as a reference group was first introduced into sociological literature was by
(1) M. N. Srinivas (2) S. C. Dubey
(3) A. R. Desai (4) Gandhiji
50. The theory of "looking-glass self" is proposed by
(1) G. H. Mead (2) Spencer
(3) Cooly (4) Max Weber
51. The theory of "pattern of culture" was proposed by
(1) Ruth Benedict (2) L. H. Morgon
(3) Louie (4) Malinowski
52. The Tarawad is a
(1) Patrilineal joint family (2) Small nuclear family
(3) Tribe (4) Matrilineal joint family
53. Temporary marriage among Muslims is known as
(1) Muta marriage (2) Ball marriage
(3) Bina marriage (4) Batil marriage
54. If a higher caste man marries a women of lower caste is known as
(1) Hypergamy (2) Hypogamy
(3) Exogamy (4) Polygamy



55. A descent group who traces their ancestry to a common fictitious ancestor is called as a
- (1) Lineage (2) Clan
(3) Phratry (4) Moiety
56. The rule that one must marry within one's own caste is called
- (1) Hypogamy (2) Hypergamy
(3) Endogamy (4) Exogamy
57. The Panchayat Raj System was first introduced in
- (1) Rajasthan (2) West Bengal
(3) Uttar Pradesh (4) Madhya Pradesh
58. Social change refers to change in
- (1) Individual (2) Society
(3) Group (4) Institution
59. The concept of 'dominant caste' was introduced by
- (1) M. N. Srinivas (2) S. C. Dubey
(3) Andre Bietle (4) Baden Powell
60. Who is the author of the book, 'Caste Class and Power' ?
- (1) Andre Bietle (2) M. N. Srinivas
(3) Ranjith Guha (4) Ghurye
61. "Our culture is what we are, our civilization is what we have" who said this ?
- (1) Mac Iver (2) Max Weber
(3) Auguste Comte (4) C. C. North
62. Animism means
- (1) Belief and faith in soul (2) Belief in magical powers
(3) Worshipping animals (4) Belief in supernatural powers



63. Caste is a/an

- (1) Endogamous group
- (2) Open system
- (3) Exogamous group
- (4) Universal group

64. The basis for the social stratification is

- (1) Inequality
- (2) Birth
- (3) Morality
- (4) Equality

65. The book, 'Modernization of Indian Tradition' was written by

- (1) M. N. Srinivas
- (2) Yogendra Singh
- (3) Ram Ahuja
- (4) R. N. Sharma

66. The "Satya Sodhak Samaj" was established by

- (1) Dayananda Saraswathi
- (2) Jyothiba Phule
- (3) Eeshwarachandra Vidyasagar
- (4) Swamy Vivekananda

67. 'Brahma Samaj' was established by

- (1) Swamy Dayananda Saraswathi
- (2) Swamy Vivekananda
- (3) Swamy Ramanandateertha
- (4) Baba Ramdev

68. Post modernism denotes

- (1) Destruction and construction of new society
- (2) Demolition of old cultures
- (3) Formation of new cultures and systems
- (4) Above all



69. Adoption of modern ways of life and values is called
- (1) Industrialization (2) Westernization
(3) Modernization (4) Sanskritization
70. The most essential step in making interview a successful method of data collection is
- (1) Hypothesis formation (2) Rapport establishment
(3) Aims and objectives (4) Sampling
71. Hypothesis is a
- (1) Tentative generalisation, the validity of which remains to be tested
(2) An abrupt conclusion
(3) Summary and conclusion
(4) Sampling technique
72. Who among the following said that there are nine culture traits ?
- (1) Clark Loissler (2) E. B. Taylor
(3) Kimball Young (4) Horton and Hunt
73. The industrial society was born
- (1) When the worker came to be separated from the means of production
(2) People begun to lead a settled life
(3) People gave up hunting as a mode of food-gathering
(4) Democracy spread in Europe
74. The main feature of industrial society is
- (1) Spread of democracy (2) Mass production
(3) Wage system (4) Property system

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75. Which of the following statements is not true ?
- (1) The industrial society is marked by occupational specialization
 - (2) The industrial society has given a blow to joint family system
 - (3) The industrial society has destroyed family system
 - (4) The industrial society has promoted moral values
76. The form of production in an industrial society is that
- (1) The worker owns the means of production
 - (2) Goods are produced under the roof of the household
 - (3) Ownership has been separated from control
 - (4) Goods are produced under State control
77. In an industrial society the status of a person is known by
- (1) The family in which he born
 - (2) The status of his employer
 - (3) The occupation he holds
 - (4) The property he owns
78. In an industrial society
- (1) Man has moved from status to contract
 - (2) There has been movement from contract to status
 - (3) Status is ascribed
 - (4) Man gets the status of his family
79. An industrial society is marked by
- (1) Social mobility
 - (2) Ascribed status
 - (3) Caste system
 - (4) Primary relationships
80. Who proposed 'cyclical theory' of population ?
- (1) Herbert Spencer
 - (2) Ginni
 - (3) Dumont
 - (4) Thomson



81. 'Theory of Voluntarism', was proposed by
(1) Dumont (2) Nitty
(3) Frank Fetter (4) Ginni
82. Who is the author of the 'decline of the west' ?
(1) Hegel (2) Arnold Spengler
(3) Durkhiem (4) Karl Marx
83. What is 'Sacredness' according to 'Howard Becker' ?
(1) Agree the change
(2) Encourage the change
(3) Giving importance to industries
(4) Support the change
84. 'Asian drama' was written by
(1) Gunnar Myrdal (2) S. C. Dube
(3) W. Shakespear (4) R. K. Narayan
85. SNDP movement is related to these people
(1) Ijhavas (2) Birhors
(3) Rajpuths (4) Mahars
86. The chief element of secularization is
(1) Religious harmony
(2) Inter religious marriages
(3) Understanding socio-economic issues without feeling of religion
(4) Attribute scientific nature to religion
87. The prime leader of Shetkari Sangatan Movement is
(1) Mahender Sing Tikayat (2) Devilal
(3) Charan Singh (4) Sharad Joshi



88. Main objective of social survey is

- (1) Description
- (2) Explanation
- (3) Investigation
- (4) All the above

89. What is the fundamental unit for case study method ?

- (1) Individual
- (2) Family or group
- (3) Association or community
- (4) Above all

90. The investigator uses this tool for the data collection through face to face conversation is

- (1) Interview schedule
- (2) Structured questionnaire
- (3) Unstructured questionnaire
- (4) None of the above

91. 'Urbanism is a way of life' is propagated by whom ?

- (1) Galpin
- (2) Louis Wirth
- (3) Burgess
- (4) Homer Hyot

92. Who is the chief proponent of phenomenological perspective ?

- (1) Haber Mas
- (2) Alfred Schutz
- (3) Peter Blau
- (4) Giddens

93. The concept of 'Global village' indicates the following element

- (1) Agriculture becomes main occupation
- (2) Socio-cultural differences do not prevail
- (3) There will be only one Government to all the countries
- (4) The network of transmission of ideas keeps the people of the world together

94. The character of techno structure belongs to this society

- (1) Agrarian society
- (2) Post-industrial society
- (3) Military society
- (4) Industrial society



95. The chief initiator of ethno methodology is
- (1) Homans (2) Blumer
(3) Garfinkel (4) Marx
96. What makes a society ?
- (1) The people (2) The place of the residence
(3) Reciprocity (4) Time boundness
97. Who wrote the book "The theory of leisure class" ?
- (1) Veblen (2) Ward
(3) Marx (4) Veiskandt
98. A study of relations between organism and their environment is called
- (1) Topography (2) Geography
(3) Ecology (4) Zoology
99. "Population when unchecked increases in geometrical ratio, subsistence increases in arithmetical ratio" who said so ?
- (1) Malthus (2) Davis
(3) Freud (4) Mac Iver
100. Under which 'ism' can the norms be described ?
- (1) Idealism (2) Realism
(3) Utopianism (4) Culturism
-